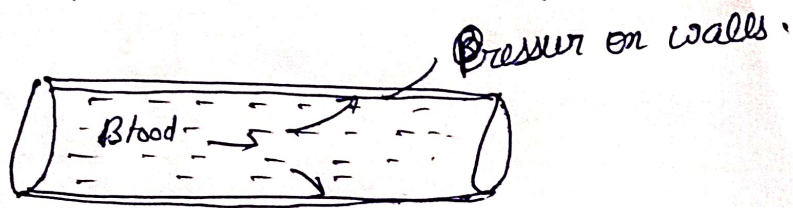


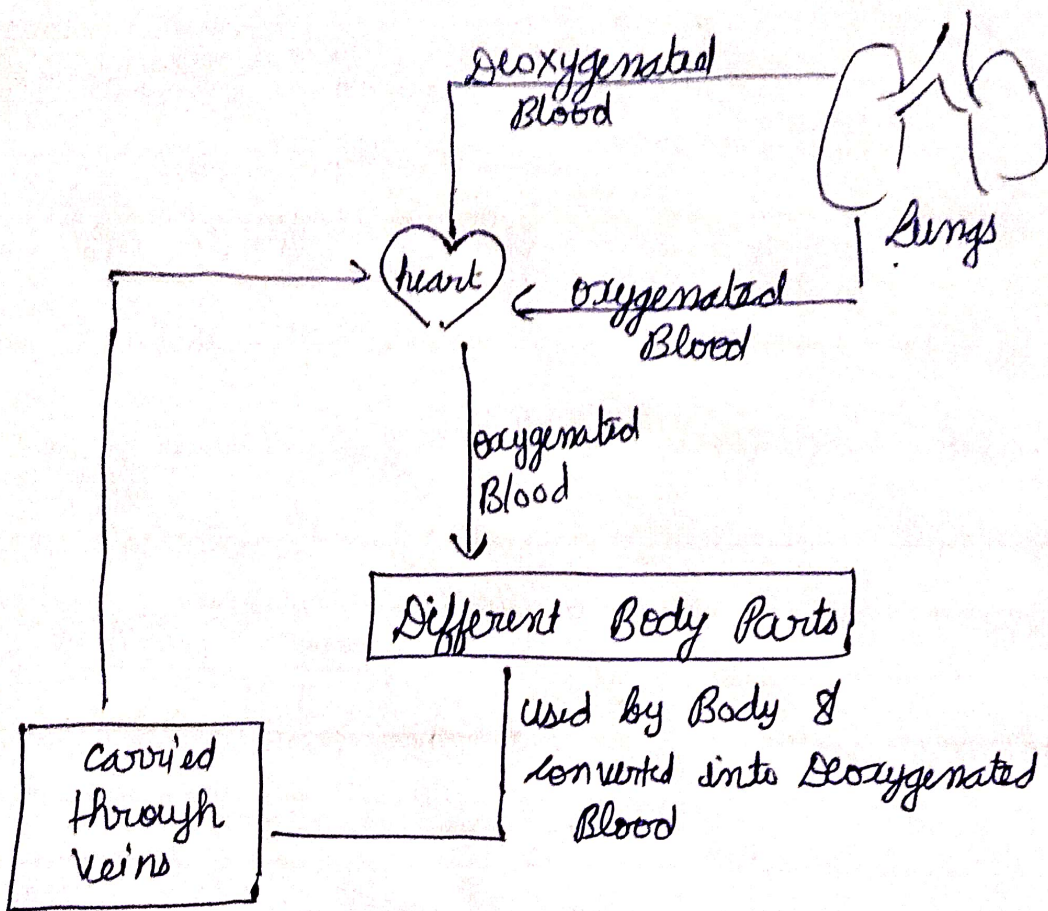
HEMODYNAMICS

The Study of flow Rate of Blood in our Body is called hemodynamics:

- * Blood flow through different Veins, arteries and Capillaries to the different Parts of Body.
- * Blood Exerts some pressure on walls of the artery and Veins known as Blood Pressure.



- * Deoxygenated Blood from Body to \heartsuit carried by Veins and oxygenated blood from \heartsuit to body is carried by arteries.
- * Deoxygenated blood is purified through lungs at Process of inhalation and blood get oxygenated and Purified.

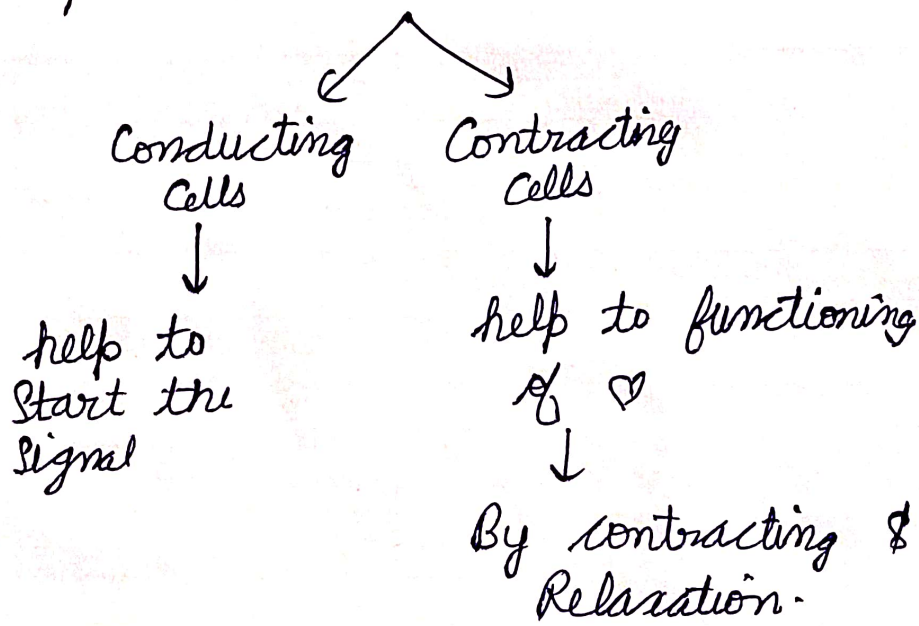


- ★ ♡ carry pumping of Blood to whole body by contracting and Relaxation process
- ★ Different Nodes (in ♡) like AV Node, SA Node, Purkinje fibre and bundle of his helps in contractility of ♡.
- ★ ♡ follow Automaticity (works automatically)

ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY

The Process of functioning of \heartsuit through electrical Action Potential in fraction of seconds.

* Cells present in \heartsuit help to generate action potential.



⇒ Conduction Cells Consists :-

- ↳ AV Node (Atrioventricular)
- ↳ SA Node
- ↳ Bundle of his

⇒ Contraction Cells :- Purkinje fibre

Conduction of Conducting Cells :-

In cells Normal Potential is -60mV (Polarisation)

When impulse generated at -55mV

Na^{++} Enters & Ca^{++} also enters (Rapid depolarization) (from -60 to $+10$)

K^{+} channel opens and move outward to cells

Ca^{++} channels closed $\leftarrow +10 \rightarrow 0\text{mV}$ (Plateau phase)

Repolarization

0mV

Normally $70-90\text{mV}$ Potential generated (Polarisation)

